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13 June 1994

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Item 14 of the preliminary list*
REPORT OF THE INTERNATIONAL
ATOMIC ENERGY AGENCY

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-ninth year

Note by the Secretary-General

The Secretary-General has the honour to transmit to the members of the General Assembly and of the Security Council the attached letter dated 13 June 1994, which he has received from the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA).

* A/49/50/Rev.1.

ANNEX

Letter dated 13 June 1994 from the Director General of the International Atomic Energy Agency addressed to the Secretary-General

I refer to my letters of 19 May, 27 May and 2 June 1994. Pursuant to the Security Council's request in its resolution 825 (1993) of 11 May 1993, those letters contained reports to the Council on the Agency's efforts to implement the Safeguards Agreement between the International Atomic Energy Agency (IAEA) and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

Having discussed the status of implementation of the Safeguards Agreement between IAEA and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea, the Board of Governors at its regularly scheduled meeting adopted, on 10 June, a resolution (GOV/2742) by 28 votes in favour, 1 against and 4 abstentions.

The resolution, inter alia, found that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is continuing to widen its non-compliance with its Safeguards Agreement with the Agency (INFCIRC/403) by taking actions which prevent the Agency from verifying the history of the reactor core and from ascertaining whether nuclear material from the reactor had been diverted in past years. The board, in conformity with the provisions of article XII.C of the statute, decided to suspend non-medical Agency assistance to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea.

The resolution is attached to the present letter and I should be grateful if you would bring it to the attention of the Security Council and the General Assembly pursuant to its paragraph 7.

(Signed) Hans BLIX

ENCLOSURE

Implementation of the Agreement between the International Atomic Energy Agency and the Democratic People's Republic of Korea for the application of safeguards in connection with the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons (INFCIRC/403)

Resolution adopted by the Board on 10 June 1994

The Board of Governors,

(a) Recalling its resolutions GOV/2636 of 25 February 1993, GOV/2639 of 18 March 1993, GOV/2645 of 1 April 1993, GOV/2692 of 23 September 1993 and GOV/2711 of 21 March 1994 and General Conference resolution GC(XXXVII)/RES/624 of 1 October 1993 finding the Democratic People's Republic of Korea to be in non-compliance with its safeguards agreement (INFCIRC/403),

(b) Taking account of the fact that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea remains a party to the Treaty on the Non-Proliferation of Nuclear Weapons and is therefore bound by its safeguards obligations,

(c) Recalling also that on 1 April 1993 and 22 March 1994, in accordance with the Agency's statute and the safeguards agreement between the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Agency, it reported the Democratic People's Republic of Korea's non-compliance to the United Nations Security Council as the organ bearing the main responsibility for the maintenance of international peace and security,

(d) Noting with deep regret the Director General's written and oral reports of 2 June 1994 and 3 June 1994 and his statement to the Board on 7 June 1994, in which he reported that the limited opportunity which remained for the Agency to select, segregate and secure fuel rods from the Democratic People's Republic of Korea's five-megawatt reactor for later measurements in accordance with Agency standards had been lost and that the Agency's ability to ascertain, with sufficient confidence, whether nuclear material from the reactor had been diverted in the past had also been lost,

(e) Recalling further, the 30 May 1994 statement by the President of the Security Council (S/PRST/1994/28), and particularly the request to the Director General to keep Agency inspectors in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea in order to monitor activities at the five-megawatt reactor, and

(f) Noting also that the Agency has been able to perform certain safeguards activities in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea and the Director General's reaffirmation that the secretariat remains available to conduct inspection activities as required by the safeguards agreement with the Democratic People's Republic of Korea or as requested by the United Nations Security Council,

1. Deplores the Democratic People's Republic of Korea's failure to implement essential elements of resolutions of the Board and the General Conference concerning its non-compliance with its safeguards agreement (INFCIRC/403);

2. Finds that the Democratic People's Republic of Korea is continuing to widen its non-compliance with its safeguards agreement by taking actions which prevent the Agency from verifying the history of the reactor core and from ascertaining whether nuclear material from the reactor had been diverted in past years;

3. Strongly supports and commends the tireless efforts of the Director General and the secretariat to implement the safeguards agreement;

4. Calls on the Democratic People's Republic of Korea immediately to extend full cooperation to the Agency's secretariat, in particular by providing access to all safeguards-relevant information and locations;

5. Encourages the Director General to continue his efforts to implement fully the safeguards agreement, and in particular to retain all Agency safeguards measures effectively in place and make available inspectors and equipment for safeguards in the Democratic People's Republic of Korea as requested by the United Nations Security Council;

6. Decides, in conformity with the provisions of article XII.C of the statute, to suspend non-medical Agency assistance to the Democratic People's Republic of Korea;

7. Requests the Director General to transmit this resolution to all members of the Agency and to the Security Council and the General Assembly of the United Nations; and

8. Remains seized of the matter and requests the Director General to report promptly to the Board on all relevant developments regarding this issue.

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Forty-ninth session
Item 32 of the preliminary list*
COOPERATION BETWEEN THE UNITED NATIONS
AND THE ORGANIZATION OF AFRICAN UNITY

Note verbale dated 13 June 1994 from the Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

The Permanent Representative of Japan to the United Nations presents his compliments to the Secretary-General of the United Nations and has the honour to transmit herewith the text of the message of H.E. Mr. Tsutomu Hata, Prime Minister of Japan, to the Organization of African Unity on the occasion of its thirtieth summit meeting, which convenes in Tunisia on 13 June 1994 (see annex).

It would be very much appreciated if arrangements could be made to have this message circulated to Member States as a document of the General Assembly under agenda item 32 of the preliminary list.

* A/49/50/Rev.1.

ANNEX

Message dated 13 June 1994 from the Prime Minister of Japan to the Chairman of the Organization of African Unity

It gives me very great pleasure to offer you and all the other members of the Organization of African Unity (OAU) my warmest congratulations on the occasion of the thirtieth summit of OAU. This summit will be an historic meeting, welcoming the Republic of South Africa to OAU following the establishment of that country's new government of national unity, one of the main goals of OAU ever since the organization's birth.

I would also like to express our gratitude to you for inviting Japan to be present at this historic meeting.

There have been spectacular developments in South Africa. The fact remains, however, that the African continent still faces many difficulties, in the areas of economic development, democratization, conflict and so on. I am greatly encouraged to see with what determination and persistence the countries of Africa are striving to overcome those difficulties by their own efforts.

The host and co-organizing country of the Tokyo International Conference on African Development (TICAD) of October 1993, the Government of Japan intends to respond with all possible support and assistance for such self-help efforts of the African countries. On this occasion, I am pleased to reiterate my country's continued dedication to African development for a prosperous future, in close consultation with the African nations and other donor nations.

I also welcome OAU's decision to establish within the organization a mechanism for conflict prevention, management and resolution, convinced that this is very positive evidence of the determination to see "Africans resolving the conflicts of Africa". I greatly hope that the newly introduced mechanism will fulfil its purposes.

The decision of my Government to send to the summit, in response to your very kind invitation, Ambassador Yasushi Kurokochi, formerly special envoy of Japan to TICAD and an unfailing friend of Africa, will, I am convinced, be seen as clear proof of Japan's unswerving desire to assist Africa.

I look forward to learning of the fruits of this OAU summit meeting, which I am confident will, under your outstanding presidency, be a very great success.

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GENERAL ASSEMBLY
Forty-ninth session
Item 38 of the preliminary list*
THE SITUATION IN THE MIDDLE EAST

SECURITY COUNCIL
Forty-ninth year

Letter dated 13 June 1994 from the Permanent Representative of Lebanon to the United Nations addressed to the Secretary-General

I have the honour to enclose herewith the statement issued by the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries at its Ministerial Meeting in Cairo on 3 June 1994, concerning recent Israeli acts of aggression against Lebanon (annex I). Also enclosed is the paragraph concerning Lebanon in the Final Declaration of that meeting (annex II).

I should be grateful if the present letter and its two annexes were distributed as an official document of the General Assembly, under item 38 of the preliminary list, and of the Security Council.

(Signed) Khalil MAKKAWI
Ambassador
Permanent Representative

* A/49/50/Rev.1.

ANNEX I

Statement issued by the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries at its Ministerial Meeting in Cairo on 3 June 1994

[Original: Arabic/French]

The eleventh Ministerial Meeting of the Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, held in Cairo, expresses its keen concern regarding the aggression perpetrated by the Israeli air force on Lebanese towns and villages, which yesterday claimed dozens of civilian casualties.

The purpose of this further massacre perpetrated by Israel and of the kidnappings and acts of terrorism and piracy committed by Israelis in Lebanon is unquestionably to undermine the peace process and to hinder the efforts for peace being made at the international level by the American and Russian co-sponsors.

The Ministerial Meeting, which strongly condemns these acts of aggression, assures the Government and people of Lebanon of its complete solidarity and confirms its complete support for the right of Lebanon to defend itself by all available means against the Israeli occupation, which right is recognized in the principles of international law and in the Charter of the United Nations.

The Movement of Non-Aligned Countries, anxious for the success of international efforts to establish a just and comprehensive peace in the Middle East region on the basis of United Nations resolutions, international law and the principle of land for peace, invites the Security Council, and in particular the United States of America and the Russian Federation, co-sponsors of the Peace Conference, to take immediate action to put an end to the aggression and the escalation of the situation and to prevent the peace process from collapsing.

ANNEX II

Excerpt from the Final Declaration adopted by the Ministerial Meeting in Cairo on 3 June 1994

[Original: English]

Lebanon

124. The Ministers commended the positive developments that have taken place in Lebanon, namely, the continued progress in the national reconciliation process, the successful efforts by the Lebanese Government, through its own national forces, to ensure the full exercise of its authority over all its territory, in particular, the south of Lebanon and the West Bekaa Valley. They called for the respect of Lebanon's independence, sovereignty and territorial integrity and condemned the continued Israeli occupation of parts of South Lebanon and the West Bekaa Valley. They reaffirmed the necessity of prompt and unconditional implementation of Security Council resolution 425 (1978). They stressed the urgent need for the reconstruction of Lebanon and urged the international community to play a more active role in contributing to this massive effort.